			La Léçon 1 - L'Hivé		
Lesson learning objectives	Success criteria	Grammar & phonics focus	Activities	Knowledge about language	Language learning strategies
We are learning vocabulary associated with winter.  We are learning to read numbers and count in Jèrriais.	I know some vocabulary associated with winter.  I can read numbers and count in Jèrriais.	Long vowel â  Short vowel é  Question form: Tch'est qu' Combein qu'	<ul> <li>STARTER / REVISION (Lesson 1 PowerPoint)</li> <li>Bouônjour, Salut.</li> <li>Introduce Tanmîn lé taupîn to use him to ask the chn Tch'est qu'est tan nom?</li> <li>Sing the Eh bein si tu'es d'charme song.</li> <li>Ask the chn Comment qu'tu'es? - introduce J'ai faim.</li> <li>Revise the seasons and ask the chn what season it is.</li> </ul>	Recognise languages describe familiar things differently.	Use the outdoor environment to provide context and engender interest.
We are learning some shapes in Jèrriais.	I know some shapes in Jèrriais.		<ul> <li>READING, LISTENING AND PRONUNCIATION</li> <li>Écouter, Èrgarder, Èrpéter.</li> <li>Show Winter vocabulary flashcards, highlighting the now familiar phonemes in each word. Encourage the children to repeat the vocabulary.</li> </ul>		
Key vocabulary, qu	uestions, phrases		Revise basic shapes - square, circle, triangle, rectangle.	Links to Jersey Curriculum for Languages	
Key vocabulary, questions, phrases I'hivé  Noué la né un bouonhomme dé né eune boule dé né un bouais les fielles les galots les brantchettes			<ul> <li>ORAL UNDERSTANDING, RESPONDING AND SPEAKING</li> <li>Explain the chn are going to go on a winter object hunt outside.</li> <li>Give out cue cards and explain you would like the chn to find the objects on their card.</li> <li>Take the chn outside to find their objects. Circulate and read the Jèrriais instructions on the chn's cards. Count the objects with the chn and name the shapes they make. Chn swap cards with each other when they have found the objects on their original card.</li> </ul>	Develop accurate pronunciation so that others understand when they are using familiar words a phrases.  Broaden their vocabulary and develop their abilit understand new words.  Read carefully and show understanding of words phrases and simple writing.	
eune pomme dé sar les formes un cèrcl'ye un réctangl'ye un cârré un trais-carres Chèrchiz pouor l's o Comptez les Combein qu'i' y'a d'. Tch'est qu'ch'est? Ch'est	bjets d'hivé		<ul> <li>Show flashcard, wave to chn and say À bétôt and À bi. Chn say À bétôt and À bi as they leave.</li> </ul>	Assessment / Next Step	s

			La Léçon 2 - La Né		
Lesson learning objectives	Success criteria	Grammar & phonics focus	Activities	Knowledge about language	Language learning strategies
We are listening to and enjoying <i>La Né</i> and learning vocabulary associated with snow.  We are pronouncing the é sound.  We are reading numbers written as words.	I have followed and enjoyed <i>La Né</i> and know some vocabulary associated with snow.  I can pronounce the é sound.  I can read numbers written as words.	Short vowel é	<ul> <li>STARTER / REVISION (Lesson 2 PowerPoint)</li> <li>Bouônjour, Salut.</li> <li>Revise the seasons and ask the chn what season it is.</li> <li>Introduce the word gélée meaning frost.</li> <li>Introduce and sing La chanson d'la gélée.</li> <li>READING, LISTENING AND PRONUNCIATION</li> <li>Revise Winter vocabulary flashcards, relating to snow. Highlight familiar phonemes in each word. Focus in particular on the short vowel é. Encourage the children to repeat the vocabulary.</li> <li>Read La Né by Uri Shulevitz. While reading the story, pause to refer to the pictures and repeat the key vocabulary.</li> </ul>	Listen with care.  Recognise how different sounds are represented in written form.  Identify specific phonemes.	Use of stories and songs to engender interest and aid memorisation.  Playing games to encourage reading and aid memorisation.
Key vocabulary, que l'hivé  la gélée Noué la né un bouonhomme dé eune papillote dé né eune boule dé né ieune deux trais quat' chînq six sept huit neuf dgix			<ul> <li>ORAL UNDERSTANDING, RESPONDING, SPEAKING AND READING</li> <li>Revise numbers to 10 written as words.</li> <li>Play snowflake number match card game. Chn play the game in pairs and match the snowmen to the numbers written in words on snowflakes. Child who collects the most pairs wins.</li> <li>PLENARY</li> <li>Sing La chanson d'la gélée.</li> <li>Show flashcard, wave to chn and say À bétôt and À bi. Chn say À bétôt and À bi as they leave.</li> </ul>	Broaden their vocabulary understand new words.  Appreciate stories, songs, Jèrriais.  Read carefully and show the season of the	and develop their ability to poems and rhymes in understanding of words.

			La Léçon 3 - Les bouonhommes dé né		
Lesson learning objectives	Success criteria	Grammar & phonics focus	Activities	Knowledge about language	Language learning strategies
We are learning vocabulary associated with snow.  We are learning some shapes in Jèrriais.	I know some vocabulary associated with snow.  I know some shapes in Jèrriais.	Long vowel â  Long vowel ê	<ul> <li>STARTER / REVISION (Lesson 3 PowerPoint)</li> <li>Bouônjour, Salut.</li> <li>Revise the seasons and ask the chn what season it is.</li> <li>Sing La chanson d'la gélée.</li> <li>Revise Winter vocabulary flashcards relating to snow.</li> </ul> READING, LISTENING AND PRONUNCIATION <ul> <li>Revise shapes vocabulary and remind chn about the long vowel sounds â and</li> </ul>	Recognise languages describe familiar things differently.  Recognise how different sounds are represented in written form.	Use of stories and songs to engender interest and aid memorisation.  Use of practical activities to encourage reading.
Key vocabulary, qualitative Noué la né un bouonhomme de eune papillote dé ne eune boule dé né les formes un cèrcl'ye un réctangl'ye un cârré un trais-carres un diamant un tchoeu eune êtaile Tch'est qu'ch'est? Ch'est	é né	Question forms: Tch'est qu'	<ul> <li>ê in <i>cârré</i> and <i>êtaile</i>.</li> <li>Introduce <i>tchoeu</i> and point out the tch sound.</li> <li>READING AND UNDERSTANDING</li> <li>Give out build a snowman shapes activity sheets with scissors and glue sticks. Chn choose and cut out snowman body parts of different shapes. They then cut out shape name labels to stick next to the correct shapes.</li> <li>PLENARY</li> <li>Show some of the chn's pictures and name the shapes they have used.</li> <li>Show flashcard, wave to chn and say À bétôt and À bi. Chn say À bétôt and À bi as they leave.</li> </ul>	Links to Jersey Curricul Broaden their vocabulary understand new words.  Appreciate stories, songs, Jèrriais.  Read carefully and show  Assessment / Next Step	and develop their ability to poems and rhymes in understanding of words.

			La Léçon 4 - Les formes			
Lesson learning objectives	Success criteria	Grammar & phonics focus	Activities	Knowledge about language	Language learning strategies	
We are learning some shapes in Jèrriais.	I know some shapes in Jèrriais.	Question forms:  Tch'est qu'	in Jèrriais.  forms:  Tch'est qu'  Bouônjour, Salut.  Comment qu'tu'es?  Revise shapes flashcards.  Bring out Tanmîn lé taupîn. Show shape flashcards again and get	<ul> <li>Bouônjour, Salut.</li> <li>Comment qu'tu'es?</li> <li>Revise shapes flashcards.</li> <li>Bring out Tanmîn lé taupîn. Show shape flashcards again and get Tanmîn to say what each shape is. Chn say Oui-dgia or Nânnîn with thumbs up or down</li> </ul>	Recognise languages describe familiar things differently.	Use of practical activities to encourage reading.  Playing repetitive games to aid memorisation.
Key vocabulary, q	uestions, phrases			Links to Jersey Curricu	lum for Languages	
les formes un cèrcl'ye un réctangl'ye un cârré un trais-carres un diamant un tchoeu eune êtaile			<ul> <li>ORAL UNDERSTANDING, READING, RESPONDING AND SPEAKING</li> <li>Play Shape Dominoes. Chn play the game in pairs. Each child has 7 dominoes. Chn take turns to lay a domino down. If they cannot go they pick up a domino from the pile of spares. The first child to use up all their dominoes wins.</li> </ul>	Broaden their vocabulary understand new words.  Read carefully and show	and develop their ability to understanding of words.	
Tch'est qu'ch'est? Ch'est			<ul> <li>PLENARY</li> <li>Show random flashcards and chn name the shapes.</li> <li>Show flashcard, wave to chn and say À bétôt and À bi. Chn say À bétôt and À bi as they leave.</li> </ul>	Assessment / Next Step	es	

			La Léçon 5 - Écrivez les neunméthos		
Lesson learning objectives	Success criteria	Grammar & phonics focus	Activities	Knowledge about language	Language learning strategies
We are learning to read and write numbers to 12.	I can read and write numbers to 12.	Question forms: Combein qu'	<ul> <li>STARTER / REVISION (Lesson 5 PowerPoint)</li> <li>Bouônjour, Salut.</li> <li>Bring out Tanmîn lé taupîn to ask Comment qu'tu'es? Chn ask each other.</li> <li>Revise shapes flashcards.</li> <li>Count to 12 and back and soûffliez!</li> <li>Recite the counting rhyme leune, deux, trais, lé bouais.</li> </ul>	Recognise how sounds are represented in written form.	Use of reading and writing activities to aid memorisation.
Key vocabulary, qubasic shapes ieune deux trais quat' chînq six sept huit neuf dgix onze douze	uestions, phrases		<ul> <li>ORAL UNDERSTANDING, READING, RESPONDING AND SPEAKING</li> <li>Count sets of shapes. Ask Combein qu'i'y'a d'?</li> <li>Be careful to say l'y'en a so as to avoid the change in pronunciaiton of six and dgix (which will be covered later in Y4).</li> <li>READING AND UNDERSTANDING</li> <li>Give out Number reading and writing activity sheets for chn to complete. <ul> <li>Fai des lîngnes worksheet</li> <li>Êcris les neunméthos worksheet</li> <li>Numbers to 12 word search</li> </ul> </li> <li>PLENARY</li> <li>Linguascope number activities.</li> <li>Show flashcard, wave to chn and say À bétôt and À bi. Chn say À bétôt and À bi as they leave.</li> </ul>	Links to Jersey Curricul Listen attentively to spoke understanding by joining Read carefully and show Write simple words.  Assessment / Next Step	en language and show in and responding. understanding of words.

			La Léçon 6 - Des gammes à Linguascope - les neunméthos		
Lesson learning objectives	Success criteria	Grammar & phonics focus	Activities	Knowledge about language	Language learning strategies
We are learning our numbers to 10 in Jèrriais.	I know my numbers to 10 in Jèrriais.		<ul> <li>INTRODUCTION (Lesson 6 PowerPoint)</li> <li>Bouônjour, Salut.</li> <li>Bring out Tanmîn lé taupîn to ask Comment qu'tu'es? Chn ask each other.</li> <li>Count to 12 and back and soûffliez!</li> <li>Recite the counting rhyme leune, deux, trais, lé bouais.</li> </ul> READING, LISTENING AND PRONUNCIATION <ul> <li>This week we are going to play games on Linguascope to practise and consolidate our numbers to 10.</li> </ul>	Apply phonic and whole word knowledge to read simple words.	Use of interactive technology to increase interest and participation and aid memorisation.
Key vocabulary, questions, phrases les neunméthos ieune deux trais quat' chînq six sept huit neuf dgix			<ul> <li>READING, ORAL UNDERSTANDING AND RESPONDING</li> <li>Hand out iPads for chn to log onto the Linguascope App.</li> <li>Direct the chn to the Numbers section.</li> <li>Demonstrate a couple of games and invite the chn to choose which games they would like to play.</li> <li>PLENARY</li> <li>Play a Linguascope game as a whole class on the IWB.</li> <li>Show flashcard, wave to chn and say À bétôt and À bi. Chn say À bétôt and À bi as they leave.</li> </ul>	Links to Jersey Curricul Listen attentively to spoke understanding by joining Broaden their vocabulary understand new words. Read carefully and show Assessment / Next Step	en language and show in and responding.  and develop their ability to understanding of words.

			La Léçon 7 - Tchil âge qué tu'as?		
Lesson learning objectives	Success criteria	Grammar & phonics focus	Activities	Knowledge about language	Language learning strategies
We are learning to understand and use numbers to 12 in Jèrriais.  We are learning to say how old we are and ask how old someone else is.	I can understand and use numbers to 12 in Jèrriais.  I can say how old I am and ask how old someone else is.	Diphthong ai	<ul> <li>STARTER / REVISION (Lesson 7 PowerPoint)</li> <li>Bouônjour, Salut.</li> <li>Bring out Tanmîn lé taupîn to ask Comment qu'tu'es? Chn ask each other.</li> <li>Count to 12 and back and soûffliez!</li> <li>Recite the counting rhyme leune, deux, trais, lé bouais.</li> <li>Sing Chîn Raînottes Piquelotées with stick puppets.</li> </ul> READING, LISTENING AND PRONUNCIATION <ul> <li>Show cue cards and ask Tchil âge qué tu'as? Say J'ai ans and repeat the guestion. Point to the word âge and sole the other if it leaks at all like on English.</li> </ul>	Compare Jèrriais with English and French.  Identify specific phonemes and sounds.  Recognise and use question forms.	Using songs and rhymes to engage and interest.  Role play with puppets.
Key vocabulary, que zéro ieune deux trais quat' chîn six sept huit neuf dgix onze douze Tchil âge qué tu'as? J'ai	estions, phrases	Question forms: Combein Tchil  Verb: aver	question. Point to the word âge and ask the chn if it looks at all like an English word. What are you asking them?  Refer back to the response J'ai ans. Explain that like in French, when talking about age we use the verb aver; to have a number of years.  Pause to consider the pronunciation of the diphthong ai. Refer to the ai phonics card. Explain this diphthong makes an open e sound.  ORAL UNDERSTANDING, RESPONDING AND SPEAKING  Ask random chn Tchil âge qué tu'as? and encourage them to answer J'ai ans.  Chn ask and answer each other.  PLENARY  Bring out puppets Tanmîn lé taupîn and Douard lé r'nard and practise asking ages.  Extend to practise short conversations. Get chn to work in pairs to: say hello, ask each other how they are, their names and ages.  Bring volunteers out to the front to demonstrate these short conversations.  Wave to chn and say À la préchaine and encourage chn to respond with the same.	,	en language and show in and responding. ask and answer questions. g familiar vocabulary, phrases tures.

			La Léçon 8 - La Carpéleuse Hardi Affanmée		
Lesson learning objectives	Success criteria	Grammar & phonics focus	Activities	Knowledge about language	Language learning strategies
We are listening to, following and enjoying <i>La Carpéleuse Hardi Affanmée</i> . We are revising	I can listen to, follow and enjoy <i>La</i> <i>Carpéleuse Hardi</i> <i>Affanmée</i> .	Short vowel é	<ul> <li>INTRODUCTION (Lesson 8 PowerPoint)</li> <li>Bouônjour, Salut</li> <li>Bring out Tanmîn lé taupîn to ask Tch'est qué tan nom? and Comment qu'tu'es? Chn ask each other.</li> <li>Ask the chn Tchil âge qué tu'as? Chn ask each other.</li> </ul>	Recognise how different sounds are represented in written form.  Identify specific phonemes.	Playing repetitious games.  Use of nursery rhymes and stories to promote interest and provide context.  Practise saying new words
numbers to 12 in Jèrriais.	numbers to 12 Jèrriais.	Question form: Combein qu'	READING, LISTENING AND PRONUNCIATION  Before reading La Carpéleuse Hardi Affanmée, run through the key vocabulary from the book.  Take the opportunity to remind the chn how to pronounce the é and oeu acundo.		aloud.
Key vocabulary, qu	Key vocabulary, questions, phrases  La Carpéleuse Hardi Affanmée		<ul><li>sounds.</li><li>Read the story, pausing to count the fruits with the chn at the beginning of the</li></ul>	Links to Jersey Curriculum for Languages  Listen attentively to spoken language and show understanding by joining in and responding.	
La Carpéleuse Hard			<ul> <li>book.</li> <li>Revise the words for the five different fruits. Read and repeat: <i>la pomme, la paithe, la frâse, la preune</i> and <i>l'orange</i>.</li> </ul>		
la carpéleuse la leune l'oeu			<ul> <li>Pause on the word paithe and refer to the ai phonics card to explain the ai sound is similar to how it is pronounced in the English word air.</li> </ul>	Develop accurate pronunciation and intonation others understand.	
lé solé la fielle			ORAL UNDERSTANDING, RESPONDING AND SPEAKING  • Go back to the start of the book and count the different fruits again, asking	Appreciate stories, poems	s and songs in Jèrriais.
lé cocôn la papillote			<ul> <li>Combein qu'i' y'a d'?</li> <li>Walk around the class with the shoebox Carpéleuse and invite chn to post random numbers of pieces of fruit into it's mouth. Ask the class to count each fruit as they are posted in.</li> </ul>	Assessment / Next Step	s
eune pomme			muit as they are posted in.		
eune paithe			DIENADY		
eune preune			<ul> <li>PLENARY</li> <li>Sing counting song to the tune of Frères Jaques with Tanmîn.</li> </ul>		
eune frâse eune orange			<ul> <li>Read the rhyme <i>leune</i>, <i>deux</i>, <i>trais</i>, <i>lé bouais</i>.</li> <li>Show flashcard, wave to chn and say À bétôt and À bi. Chn say À bétôt and À bi as they leave.</li> </ul>		
Numbers to 12					

			La Léçon 9 - D'licieux!		
Lesson learning objectives	Success criteria	Grammar & phonics focus	Activities	Knowledge about language	Language learning strategies
We are remembering how to say yes and no in Jèrriais.  We are learning how to express our likes and dislikes in Jèrriais.	I can say yes and no in Jèrriais.  I can express my likes and dislikes in Jèrriais.	Long vowel â  Nasal vowel î(n)	<ul> <li>INTRODUCTION (Lesson 9 PowerPoint)</li> <li>Bouônjour, Salut</li> <li>Bring out Tanmîn lé taupîn to ask <i>Tch'est qué tan nom?</i> and <i>Comment qu'tu'es?</i> Chn ask each other.</li> <li>Count to 12 and back down to 0 then soûffliez!</li> <li>Ask the chn <i>Tchil âge qué tu'as?</i> Chn ask each other.</li> <li>Sing <i>Chîn gâches à raisîns</i>. Chn come out to the front to buy current buns with pennies.</li> </ul>	Recognise how different sounds are represented in written form.  Identify specific phonemes.  Recognise question forms.	Playing repetitious games Use of nursery rhymes, counting songs and storie to promote interest and provide context.
Jemais.		Dropping final consonant	READING, LISTENING AND PRONUNCIATION • Re-read La Carpéleuse Hardi Affanmée.	iomis.	
Key vocabulary, questions, phrases  La Carpéleuse Hardi Affanmée  eune pomme eune paithe eune orange eune preune eune frâse eune gâche à chocolat eune gliaiche un picl'ye la fronmage Suisse la saûcichon		Question form: Aimes-tu?  Verb: aimer	<ul> <li>Pause throughout to highlight the key vocabulary.</li> <li>At the end of the story run through the fruit and other food vocabulary.</li> <li>Pause on the word preune and refer to the eu phonics card to explain the eu is pronounced uh.</li> <li>Remind the chn how to day Oui and Nânnîn.</li> <li>Give a food card to each child in the class. Encourage the chn to say Mèrcie bein des fais.</li> <li>Go around and ask Aimes-tu? Encourage the chn to answer with Oui or Nânnîn.</li> <li>Get the children to swap their cards with the person next to them and encourage them to thank each other.</li> <li>Go around asking Aimes-tu? again but this time extend to give the option to say Naine Naine or Routh.</li> </ul>	Links to Jersey Curricul Listen attentively to spoke understanding by joining i Develop accurate pronuncothers understand. Appreciate stories, poems Assessment / Next Step	en language and show in and responding. ciation and intonation so that is and songs in Jèrriais.
un chucre d'orge un pâté d'tchoeurs eune saûciche un gâté un m'lon  Mèrcie bein des fais  Aimes-tu? Oui / Nânnîn			<ul> <li>Show each table a type of food and elicit the response <i>Oui Naine-Naine</i> or <i>Nânnîn Peuh</i> before they leave.</li> <li>Show flashcard, wave to chn and say À bétôt and À bi. Chn say À bétôt and À bi as they leave.</li> </ul>	TOOLS THOM STEP	_

			La Léçon 10 - Les jours d'la s'maine		
Lesson learning objectives	Success criteria	Grammar & phonics focus	Activities	Knowledge about language	Language learning strategies
We are learning the days of the week in Jèrriais.	I know the days of the week in Jèrriais.	Long vowel ê Short vowel é	<ul> <li>INTRODUCTION (Lesson 10 PowerPoint)</li> <li>Bouônjour, Salut</li> <li>Bring out Tanmîn lé taupîn to ask Tch'est qué tan nom? Tchil âge qué tu'as? and Comment qu'tu'es? Chn ask each other.</li> <li>Count to 12 and back down to 0 then souffliez!</li> <li>Sing Hiccoret, Diccoret, Douoge.</li> <li>Stand up and do 12 star jumps.</li> <li>Sing Baa Baa Nièr Mouton.</li> <li>Stand up and hop 12 times.</li> <li>Sing Chîn Raînottes Piquelottées with stick puppets.</li> </ul>	Identify specific words.  Compare Jèrriais with French.	Use of nursery rhymes, counting songs and stories to promote interest and provide context.  Play repetitive games to aid memorisation.
Key vocabulary, questions, phrases les jours d'la s'maine Lundi Mardi Mêcrédi Jeudi Vendrédi Sanm'di Dînmanche			<ul> <li>READING, LISTENING AND PRONUNCIATION</li> <li>Display the days of the week flashcard and read and repeat.</li> <li>Do the days of the week sound the same as any other language?</li> <li>Revisit mêcrédi and vendrédi. Point out and remind the chn of the accents on the ê and é and how these sound.</li> <li>Introduce the days of the week song.</li> <li>Hold days of the week flashcards close so the chn cannot see and ask Tchi jour qu'est ch'est? Chn are playing against the teacher and have to guess all the days before the hungry caterpillar munches its way through all the fruits in the story (see PP slide animation).</li> </ul>	others understand.	ciation and intonation so that and develop their ability to s and songs in Jèrriais.
			ORAL UNDERSTANDING, RESPONDING AND SPEAKING • Play days of the week matching pairs.	ASSESSMENT NEXT CITY	
			<ul> <li>PLENARY</li> <li>Sing the days of the week song again.</li> <li>Show flashcard, wave to chn and say À bétôt. Chn say À bétôt as they leave.</li> </ul>		

			La Léçon 11 - Ch'est tchi jour?		
Lesson learning objectives	Success criteria	Grammar & phonics focus	Activities	Knowledge about language	Language learning strategies
We are learning the days of the week.  We are joining in with a story in Jèrriais.	I know the days of the week.  I can join in with a story in Jèrriais.	Short vowel é	<ul> <li>INTRODUCTION (Lesson 11 PowerPoint)</li> <li>Bouônjour, Salut</li> <li>Read through the days of the week flashcard.</li> <li>Sing the days of the week song with Tanmîn.</li> </ul> READING, LISTENING AND PRONUNCIATION <ul> <li>Re-read La Carpéleuse Hardi Affanmée.</li> <li>Pause and repeat the days and ask the chn to translate.</li> <li>Encourage the chn to join in with repeated phrase: Mais, ou 'tait acouo affanmée.</li> </ul>	Recognise how different sounds are represented in written form.  Identify specific phonemes.  Compare Jèrriais with French.	Use of nursery rhymes, counting songs and stories to promote interest and provide context.
Key vocabulary, questions, phrases			<ul> <li>Stop once the Caterpillar has eaten all the fruit.</li> <li>Read through the days of the week flashcard one more time.</li> </ul>	Links to Jersey Curriculum for Languages	
Key vocabulary, questions, phrases  La Carpéleuse Hardi Affanmée  les jours  Lundi  Mardi  Mêcrédi  Jeudi		The state of the s		others understand.	ciation and intonation so that and develop their ability to understanding of words.
Vendrédi Sanm'di Dînmanche			<ul> <li>Sing the days of the week song again.</li> <li>Show flashcard, wave to chn and say À bétôt. Chn say À bétôt as they leave.</li> </ul>	Assessment / Next Step	s
les frits					
eune pomme eune paithe eune preune eune frâse eune orange					

			La Léçon 12 - Bouan Pâques		
Lesson learning objectives	Success criteria	Grammar & phonics focus	Activities	Knowledge about language	Language learning strategies
We are learning some Easter vocabulary.  We are learning to identify and name shapes in Jèrriais.	I know some Easter vocabulary.  I can pronounce the oeu sound.  I can identify and name shapes in Jèrriais	Triphthong oeu  Nasal vowel î(n)  Diphthong -ou  Long vowel â	<ul> <li>STARTER / REVISION (Lesson 12 PowerPoint)</li> <li>Bouônjour, Salut!</li> <li>Revise the seasons and ask the chn what season it is.</li> <li>Show random days in English and say them in Jèrriais, making deliberate mistakes. Chn must respond with Oui or Nânnîn depending on if teacher says the correct day and then correct the teacher.</li> <li>Ask the chn Tchi jour qu'est ch'est aniet?</li> </ul> READING, LISTENING AND PRONUNCIATION <ul> <li>Hold up the Easter flashcards and say each word with chn repeating.</li> </ul>	phonemes. activities to reading ar	Use of repetitive visual activities to encourage reading and aid memorisation.
Jèrriais.  Key vocabulary, questions, phrases  Pâques du chocolat un lapîn			<ul> <li>Read them again with chn a couple of times.</li> <li>Look for the similarities with English and any other languages the children speak.</li> <li>Revise shapes and introduce <i>un ovale</i>.</li> </ul>	Links to Jersey Curriculum for Languages  Develop accurate pronunciation so that others understand when they are using familiar words phrases.	
un oeu d's oeux d'Pâques eune ban'se crouaîs	i	Question forms:	READING AND UNDERSTANDING  Chn use pencil crayons to complete Easter shape counting activity sheet.  PLENARY	Broaden their vocabulary understand new words.  Read carefully and show	and develop their ability to
les formes un ovale Tch'est qu'ch'est?		Tch'est qu'	Show flashcard and say Bouan Pâques! to each other on the way out.	Assessment / Next Step	s
Bouan Pâques!					